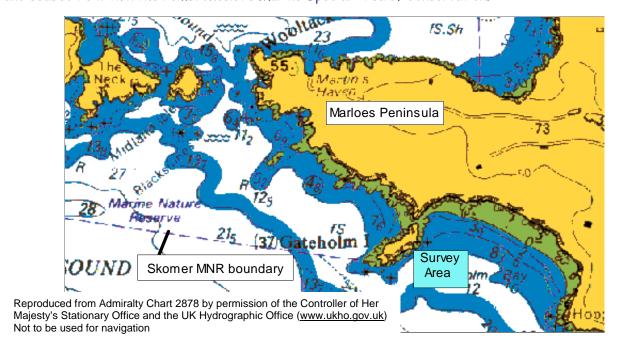


Gateholm Island Seasearch 2006



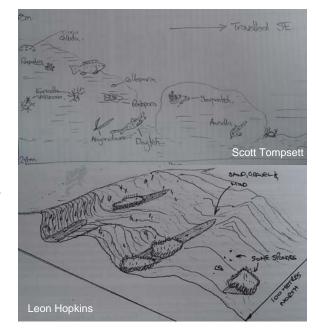
Gateholm Island is an old red sandstone island that forms the southeast corner of the Skomer Marine Nature Reserve. In July 2006 survey dives were organised by Kate Lock east of Gateholm, outside of the Reserve's boundary. The surveys aim was to assess the suitability of the site as a location where research could be completed, as the collecting of samples is restricted by byelaw in the Reserve. The island's waters and seabed lie within the Pembrokeshire Marine Special Area of Conservation.





In August a potato crisp bryozoan, *Pentapora foliacea* survey was completed at this site and at Watwick Point in the entrances of Milford Haven. Dr Joanne Porter, Aberystwyth University and Chiara Lombardi, a bryozoan specialist in Italy, led this research. At each site 20 colonies were measured and small samples collected. These measurements and samples will be analysed for growth and genetic studies, comparing to colonies collected in the Mediterranean.

The survey area was between 18-24m bsl. Rocky areas ranged from tall outcrops up to 6m in height to large expanses of low-lying rocks and boulders 1-2m high. Between the rocks sand and gravel filled gullies were found between 1-2 m wide. In the southern and eastern edges of the reef the rock gave way to sand and pebbles with occasional small boulders. The rocks were festooned in bryozoan and hydroid turf and erect sponges were prominent. Crevices are busy with fish and crabs along with the crevice dwelling cucumbers and tubeworms.



The table on the right shows how many species were recorded in each group, some of the species of interest and some of the most frequently recorded.

Sponges A wide diversity of sponges were recorded including 2 nationally scarce species: Brain sponge *Axinella damicornis* and mashed potato sponge *Thymosia guernei*. Also notable were records of the chimney sponge

Polymastia
pencillus and
the yellow
staghorn
sponge
Axinella
dissimilis



Anenome,

Corals, Hydroids & Jellyfish

Four pink sea fans, *Eunicella verrucosa* were recorded, all were tangled with dog fish eggs. There was a single record of a cluster of yellow cluster anemones *Parazoanthus axinellae*.

Phylum	No of.	Common Species and species of interest	
Porifera	16	Yellow staghorn sponge Axinella dissimilis	
(Sponges)		Brain sponge Axinella damicornis	
		Mashed potato sponge Thymosia guernei	
Cnidaria	14		
(Anenomes, Corals	3	Pink sea fan	Eunicella verrucosa
Hydroids, jellyfish)		Yellow cluster anenome Parazoanthus axinellae	
Annelida	3	Spiral tube worm	Bispira voluticornis
(Segmented worms)			
Crustacea		Lobster	Homarus gammarus
(Crabs, lobster,	6	Edible crab	Cancer pagurus
barnacles)			
Mollusca	10	Nudibranch	Achanthodoris pilosa
(Shells, sea slugs)		King scallop	Pecten maximus
Bryozoa	10	Potato crisp bryozoan Pentapora foliacea	
(Sea mats)			
Echinodermata	7	Spiny starfish	Marthasterias glacialis
(Starfish, sea urchins		White crevice sea cucumber Pawsonia	
Sea cucumber)			saxicola
Tunicata	5	Orange seasquirt	Stolonica socialis
(Sea squirts)			
Pisces	9	Ballan wrasse	Labrus bergylta
(Fishes)		Cuckoo wrasse	Labrus mixtus
Algae	10	Red seaweed	Callophyllis laciniata
(Seaweeds)		Red seaweed	Kallymenia reniformis
TOTAL SPECIES	90		



Crabs and Lobsters These were not common although commercial species the edible crab and lobster were recorded in very low numbers.

Molluscs Six nudibranch species were recorded including two *Achanthodoris pilosa* on a finger byozoan, *Alcyidium diaphranum*. In a sandy patch between rock gullies a single king scallop, *Pecten maximus* was seen.

Keith Hiscock

Starfish, Sea urchins and Sea cucumbers

The common urchin was occasionally seen, the spiny starfish *Marthasterias* glacialis and the common sunstar, *Crossaster papposus* were both recorded.

The crevice dwelling cucumbers *Pawsonia saxicola* and *Aslia lefeveri* were regularly found in rock crevices. **Bryozoans** Many of the typical rocky reef bryozoans were frequent or common, these include the twiggy bryozoan *Cellaria sp.* and the spiral bryozoan *Bugula spp.* The potato crisp bryozoan, *Pentapora foliacia* was occasionally found.

Fishes The ballan wrasse *Labrus bergylta* and cuckoo wrasse *Labrus mixtus* were observed cruising around the reef. The dragonet *Callionymus lyra* was found in the sandy and pebble gullies between the reefs.

Divers taking part in the surveys were: Stephen Bound, Kerry Lewis, Blaise Bullimore, Ross Bullimore, Kate Lock, Sheena Davies, Leon Hopkins, Scott Tompsett, Rebecca Gaille, Annette Lister, Kathe Keirle, Ian Williams, Mandy John, Keith Hiscock, Chiara Lombardi, Joanne Porter, Simon Ward, Erin Smyth.

Report prepared by Kate Lock. Photos and sketches by Kate Lock, Keith Hiscock, Leon Hopkins and Scott Tompsett. Full survey results and species list available on the JNCC NBN Gateway.

Seasearch is a volunteer underwater survey project for recreational divers who wish to contribute to conserving the marine environment.

Financial support for the project during 2006 has been given by:

